

## JEWISH NEWS OF THE DAY IN BRIEF

Congressman Adolph J. Sabbath of Chicago has been secretly wed to Miss Ruth First, his private secretary, since last December.

M. Alphonse Levy, the noted painter of Jewish life, died last month in Algiers. For almost half a century he devoted his talents to depicting the types and customs of Alsatian Jewry.

The Jewish Board for Welfare Work will in the future be known as the Jewish Welfare Board—U. S. Army and Navy. The change in name was decided upon because of its simplicity and brevity.

A bill is presented in the Assembly of the State of Maryland to make the reading of the Bible compulsory in the Public Schools. The foremost Jewish citizens of that state are protesting against this.

Rabbi Stephen S. Wise will be the only speaker at the Yale-Princeton-Harvard concert and dance in the Waldorf Astoria on Saturday night, for the benefit of the Armenian and Syrian relief work.

Dr. Strencher and Adolph Stand, Jewish deputies in the Austrian Reichsrath asked the Austrian Premier and the Secretary of Interior for recognition of Austrian Jews as a Nation and their representation in the Austrian Cabinet.

Joint orthodox and reformed Friday evening services have been introduced at Camp Upton, Yaphank, L. I.

Dr. Abraham Miller of Kansas City, Mo., has been nominated on the Republican ticket as Upper House Councilman.

Public bequests aggregating \$25,000 are contained in the will of Aaron L. Loewenstein who died in Philadelphia, leaving an estate of \$25,000.

A painting of Dr. Cyrus Adler, president of Dropsie College and acting president of the Jewish Theological Seminary of America, was presented to the Publication Society by his colleagues on the Board of Trustees.

Violet Seligman, 18 years of age, daughter of Prof. Edwin R. A. Seligman, Professor of Political Economy at Columbia University, died after a short illness from pneumonia and measles at Bryn Mawr College, Bryn Mawr, Pa.

As a result of the pressure exercised by the leaders of the democratic and pro-Jewish elements in Petrograd, M. Chruschalev-Nosar, the anti-Semitic dictator of Pereyaslaw, has been dismissed. His anti-Jewish and generally autocratic measures aroused great indignation, but he was kept in power by a section of workmen and peasants who profited by his rule.